IN THE CLAIMS

- 1-31. (Canceled)
- 32. (Previously presented) A method of testing a compound for biological activity, which method comprises:
 - (i) providing cells expressing a CD94/NKG2 receptor, wherein the NKG2 member is selected from the group consisting of NKG2A, NKG2B, NKG2C, NKG2D, NKG2E, and NKG2F at the cell surface;
 - (ii) contacting the cells with HLA-E in the presence of the test compound;
 - (iii) determining whether the presence of the compound affects the binding of HLA-E to the cells.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the CD94/NKG2 receptor is an inhibitory NK cell receptor.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the CD94/NKG2 receptor is a stimulatory NK cell receptor.
 - 35. (Canceled)

- 36. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 33, wherein the inhibitory CD94/NKG2 receptor is a CD94/NKG2A receptor.
- 37. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the stimulatory CD94/NKG2 receptor is a CD94/NKG2C receptor.

38-45. (Canceled)

- 46. (Previously presented) A method of identifying compounds affecting the binding of HLA-E to CD94/NKG2 receptors, which method comprises:
 - (i) providing cells expressing a CD94/NKG2 receptor at the cell surface, wherein the NKG2 member is selected from a group consisting of NKG2A, NKG2B, NKG2C, NKG2E, and NKG2F;
 - (ii) contacting the cells with HLA-E in the presence of a test compound; and
 - (iii) determining whether the presence of the compound affects the binding of HLA-E to the cells.

47. (Currently amended) The method of claim 46, further comprising using the identified compounds in medical diagnostic procedures, wherein the identified compounds are antibodies.

48. (Canceled)

- 49. (Currently amended) The method of claim 32, further comprising using compounds that have been determined to affect the binding of HLA-E to the cells in medical diagnostic procedures, wherein the compounds are antibodies.
- 50. (Currently amended) A method for producing an identified compound having characteristics of affecting the binding of HLA-E to CD94/NKG2 receptors, which method comprises:
 - (i) selecting a test compound for screening;
 - (ii) providing cells expressing a CD94/NKG2 receptor at the cell surface, wherein the NKG2 member is selected from a group consisting of NKG2A, NKG2B, NKG2C, NKG2E, and NKG2F;
 - (iii) contacting the cells with HLA-E in the presence of the test compound; and

(iv) determining whether the presence of the test compound affects the binding of HLA-E to the cells;

whereby the test compounds which affect the binding of HLA-E to the cells are the identified compounds.

- 51. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the CD94/NKG2 receptor is a CD94/NKG2B receptor.
- 52. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the CD94/NKG2 receptor is a CD94/NKG2E receptor.
- 53. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the CD94/NKG2 receptor is a CD94/NKG2F receptor.
- 54. (New) The method of claim 46, further comprising using the identified compounds in therapeutic applications, wherein the identified compounds are antibodies.